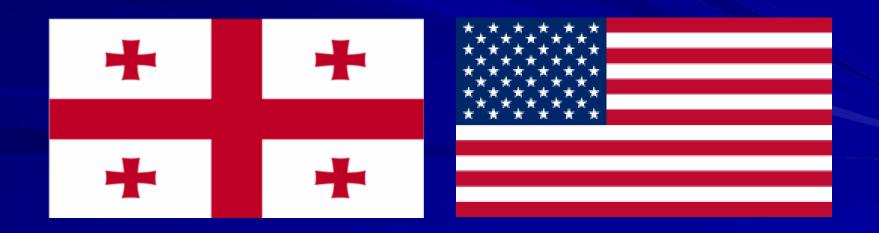
Expanding Georgia's Exports under the GSP Program

Marideth Sandler
Office of the U.S. Trade Representative
Executive Office of the President
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Summary of Presentation

- History of Georgian exports to the U.S. under the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) Program
- Details on how to use GSP

How to increase Georgia's exports under GSP

U.S. and Georgia Trade

- In 2006, U.S. was the destination for just 7% of Georgia's exports to the world (\$118 million)
- In 2007, exports from Georgia to the U.S. increased to \$200 million, but was still a small percentage of Georgia's total exports to the world.
- U.S. seeks to become a destination for more Georgian exports.
- Effective way to do so: increase <u>Georgia's use</u> of GSP duty-free export opportunities.

GSP Program

- GSP provides enhanced access into the U.S. market for 3,400 types of products from 132 countries
- GSP is a major program: \$30.8 billion in imported goods (2007)
- GSP gives eligible imports an advantage in U.S. market they enter duty-free

U.S. Imports from Georgia under GSP and overall

- Georgia became a GSP beneficiary in 2001
- 2006: \$116 million in total U.S. imports from Georgia
 - \$34.5 million under GSP (30% of all imports)
 - \$1.3 million in duties saved (average: 3.7%)
- 2007: \$188 million in total U.S. imports from Georgia
 - \$68.3 million under GSP (36%) GSP use nearly doubled!
 - \$2.6 million in duties saved (average: 3.8%)

U.S. Imports from Georgia under GSP and overall

- January through July 2008: \$166 million (up 154% over same period last year)
 - \$99 million in U.S. imports from Georgia under GSP (up 410%)
 - Imports under GSP from Georgia are 60% of all imports
- U.S. imports under GSP (January through July 2008) from Georgia have included just 17 of 3,400 eligible product types.

Composition of Exports under GSP (2007): Not Diverse

- Base metals: \$66.4 million (97%)
- Agriculture: \$1.9 million (3%)
- Chemicals, plastics and paper: \$58,512
- Jewelry and glassware: \$26,730
- Machinery, electronics and transportation: \$16,412

Top U.S. Imports from Georgia to U.S. under GSP in 2008 (thru July)

- Ferrosilicon manganese: \$79.5 million; saving \$3.1 million in duties @ 3.9%
- Ferromanganese: \$18.3m; saving \$255,794 in duties @ 1.4%
- Juice of a single fruit: \$624,279; saving \$2,256 in duties @ 0.5 cents per liter
- Mineral waters: \$498,224; saving \$2,489 in duties @ .26 cts/liter
- Certain sauces & preparations: \$98,698; \$6,316 in duties saved @ 6.4%
- Cucumbers including gherkins: \$31,104; \$2,986 in duties saved @ 9.6%

Top U.S. Imports from Georgia to U.S. under GSP in 2008 (thru July)

- Certain prepared or preserved vegetables: \$23,380; \$2,244 in duties saved @ 9.6%
- Nonalcoholic beverages not containing fruit or vegetables: \$22,419; \$10.52 in duties saved @.2 cts/l
- Mixed condiments or seasonings: \$17,908; \$1,146 in duties saved @ 6.4%
- Wood doors other than French doors: \$12,000; \$576 in duties saved @ 4.8%
- Unfrozen vegetables and mixes of vegetables: \$9,172; \$1,027 in duties saved @11.2%
- Cherry jam: \$6,600; \$\$237 saved @4.5%

Agricultural items:

- Cucumbers, incl. gherkins (9.6% duty)
- Mixed condiments & seasonings (6.4%)
- Certain food preparations (6.4% duty)
- -Cherry jam (4.5% duty)

Manufactured and industrial items:

- Wood doors (4.8% duty)
- Electric heaters (2.7% duty)
- **Certain ferromanganese (1.4% duty)**

U.S. imports that have increased since 2006:

- Prepared or preserved vegetables (9.6% duty)
- Sauces (6.4%)
- Juice of a single fruit (1.4% duty)
- Certain mineral waters (.26 cts/liter)

Agricultural products not imported consistently from 2006 thru 2008:

- Certain vegetable mixtures (11.2% duty)
- Mixed condiments & seasonings (6.4%)
- Fruit jellies (3.2% duty)
- Ginseng (1% duty)

Manufactured products not imported consistently from 2006 thru 2008:

- Grand pianos (4.7% duty)
- Travertine building stone (3.7% duty)
- **■** Engine ignition equipment (2.5% duty)
- Measuring instruments (1.7% duty)
- Air conditioner parts (1.4% duty)

Other items not imported consistently from 2006 thru 2008:

- Ion-exchangers (3.9% duty)
- Inorganic oxygen compounds (3.7%)
- Nickel (3% duty)
- Certain ferromanganese (1.4% duty)

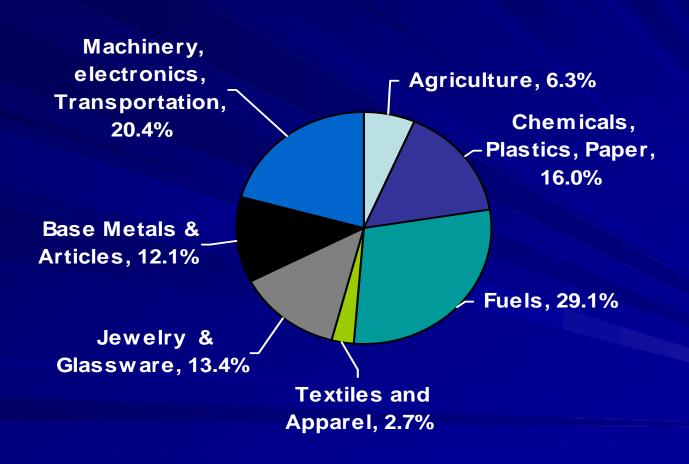
Which Products are Eligible for Duty-Free GSP Treatment?

Eligible: manufactured items and inputs, jewelry, skins, many carpets, certain agricultural products, chemicals, marble, and minerals

■ Not eligible: most textiles, apparel, leather goods, and footwear



Types of U.S. imports that received GSP duty-free treatment in 2007



How can Georgia's Exports Qualify for Duty-free Treatment under GSP?

Four requirements:

- 1. Product included in list of GSP-eligible articles
- 2. Exported directly to U.S. or if pass through another country under a "through bill of lading" to U.S.
- 3. Product of Georgia, or if it uses imported input, local content & processing must equal 35% of product price
- 4. Importer must request duty-free treatment for item by writing an "A" before tariff number on U.S. Customs Entry Form

Is my product eligible for duty-free treatment under GSP?

■ The easiest way is to go to:
http://dataweb.usitc.gov/scripts/tariff_current.asp

- Fill in the blank with:
 - Any part of a product description. For example, "jam" OR
 - The tariff number (four, six, or eight numbers). For example, 2007, 200799, or 20079925
- Then click on "List Items"

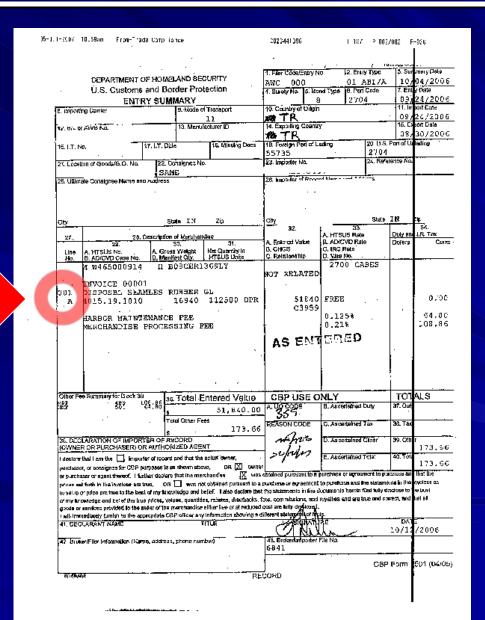
Claiming GSP Duty-Free Treatment

- WHO: <u>U.S. importer</u> must file the claim for duty-free treatment under GSP <u>for each</u> <u>shipment</u>
- HOW: <u>U.S. importer</u> writes an "A" before the tariff number on U.S. Customs Entry Form 7501
- If <u>importer</u> forgets and does not mark an "A": can apply to U.S. Customs for refund

Job of the exporter?

- Remind the U.S. importer that your product is eligible for duty-free entry under GSP and to mark "A" on U.S. Customs Entry Form
- Keep good records (costs of production; where produced; if using imported components – where are they from and their cost)

Make sure importer marks an "A" in front of the tariff number on the form!



Expanding Use of GSP Benefits

- 1. Ensure products get GSP duty-free treatment when eligible
- 2. Increase exports of high-tariff GSP-eligible products
- 3. Improve consistency of shipping exports
- 4. Increase exports of each item
- 5. Identify exports to other countries that would get GSP if exported to the U.S.
- 6. Export handicrafts and home décor items

Ensure products get GSP dutyfree treatment when eligible

2007

 \$3 million of \$71.3 million of GSPeligible products did not enter the U.S. duty-free

■2008 (Jan-July)

\$714,762 of \$99.8 million of GSP-eligible products did not enter the U.S. dutyfree (important improvement, but...)

Claim the Savings!

From 2006 through July 2008:

- 129 types of GSP-eligible exports to the U.S. did not enter duty-free under GSP but likely should have (2006-2008)!
- And, although some shipments of products were claimed under GSP, other shipments of the same products were not - so were charged duties.

Products that importers did not claim under GSP so paid duties

- ■\$2.5 million in ferrosilicon manganese (3.9% duty cost \$97,500)
- \$147,250 in vehicle engine parts (2.5% duty cost \$3,681)
- ■\$98,290 in desks and cabinets wired with electronic controls (2.7% duty cost \$2,654)
- \$86,267 in iron or steel wire items (3.9% duty cost \$3,364)

Products that importers did not claim under GSP so paid duties

High-tariff items that were not claimed:

- Acrylic polymers & polaminers (6.5%)
- Antioxidizing preparations for rubber or plastics (6.5%)
- Conveyer belts (6.4%)
- **Glass tubes (6.4%)**
- Non-adhesive plates, etc. (6%)
- Glass frit & other ground glass (6%)

Other GSP Export Strategies

Increase current claimed exports of high-tariff GSP-eligible items, such as food and beverage products (up to 11.2%)

- **■Unfrozen vegetables (11.2%)**
- Cucumbers including gherkins (9.6%)
- Prepared or preserved vegetables (9.6%)

Export items every year!

Of the 146 types of GSP-eligible products
Georgia exported to the U.S. (2006 to
July 2008):

- Only 19 products were exported to the United States every year
- Is a lost opportunity to maintain and build presence in U.S. market

Increase exports of each item

- In 2007, apart from ferrosilicon manganese and ferromanganese:
 - The three highest exports were mineral water (\$900k), fruit juice (\$624k) and other water (\$177k).
 - Of the remaining 62 GSP-eligible exports, the average export amount in 2007 was \$18,100.

Other GSP Export Strategies

Identify GSP-eligible or otherwise duty-free products that Georgia ships to other markets, for example:

- Mixed alkylbenzenes & alkylnaphthalenes (6.5%)
- Aluminum foils (5.8%)
- Hydraulic presses for working metal (4.4%)
- Tool holders & dieheads for machines (3.9%)
- Fluorides (3.9%)
- Automatic circuit breakers (2.7%)

Export Home Décor & Artisanal Items Duty-Free: Growing U.S. Demand

- Carpets, kilims, and rugs
- **■** Wood statues, boxes, and other items
- Ceramic ware
- Wooden tableware and kitchenware
- Musical instruments



Export Handicrafts

Under a certified textile handicraft agreement between Georgia and the U.S.:

- Artisans could export duty-free...
 - hand-loomed fabrics
 - additional hand-loomed and folklore wall hangings and pillow covers
- ...when Georgian government certifies them as hand-made.

Georgia-Specific Contacts

- 1. U.S. Embassy in Tlibisi:
 - http://georgia.usembassy.gov/index.html
 - **(995 32) 27-70-00**
- 2. For exporting agricultural products, contact: craig.t.fedchock@aphis.usda.gov
- 3. For U.S. companies interested in investing in Georgia:
 Tbilisicommercial@state.gov

For Additional Information

Office of the U.S. Trade Representative

- GSP guidebook, lists of GSP-eligible and ineligible products, handicraft information:
 - http://www.ustr.gov/Trade_Development/Preference_Programs/GSP/Section_Index.html

U.S. Tariff Schedule

- http://www.usitc.gov/tata/hts or
- http://dataweb.usitc.gov/scripts/tariff_current.asp

For Additional Information

- Department of Homeland Security: Customs & Border Protection: http://www.customs.gov/xp/cgov/import/
 - Customs Entry Form 7501: https://forms.customs.gov/customsrf/getformharness.asp?formName=cf-7501form.xft
 - http://www.customs.treas.gov/xp/cgov/tool box/ publications/

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